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NIXON & VANDERHYE P.C.,			EXAMINER		
1100 North Gle 8th Floor			ROBINSON BOYCE, AKIBA K		
Arlington, VA 22201-4714			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			3623		
			DATE MAILED: 05/17/2002		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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• • • •		Application No.	Applicant(s)	/			
		09/195,105	FRANCISCO ET AL	/ 			
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
		Akiba K Robinson-Boyce	3623				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply							
A SHO THE N - Exter after: - If the - If NO - Failur - Any re	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. In signs of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period we to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, apply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing dipatent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	16(a). In no event, however, may within the statutory minimum of the fill apply and will expire SIX (6) MC cause the application to become	a reply be timely filed nirty (30) days will be considered timely. DNTHS from the mailing date of this com ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	imunication.			
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 04 M	<u>larch 2002</u> .					
2a)⊠	This action is FINAL . 2b) Thi	s action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims							
4)🖂	Claim(s) 1-13 is/are pending in the application.						
4	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw	n from consideration.					
5)	Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1-13</u> is/are rejected.						
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.							
Application	on Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.							
10)□ 7	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)□ accep	ted or b) objected to by	the Examiner.				
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
11)∐ 1	he proposed drawing correction filed on		disapproved by the Examiner				
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.							
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.							
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120							
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C	. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).				
a)L	☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:						
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 							
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).							
a) The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received. 15) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.							
Attachment(s)							
2) Notice	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice of	v Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) f Informal Patent Application (PTO-				

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DETAILED ACTION

Status of Claims

Claims 1-13 remain pending in this application. Claims 1, 2 and 8 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102 (b) as being anticipated by Cretzler (US Patent 5,644,724).

Claims 3, 4, 5, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12 and 13 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103 (a) as being obvious over Cretzler (US Patent 5,644,724). Claim 6 stands rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103 (a) as being obvious over Cretzler (US Patent 5,644,724), in further view of Golden, et al (US Patent 5,774,872). The art rejection that follows is based upon the changes made to the claims due to the amendment filed 3/4/02.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless --

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1, 2, 8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Cretzler (US Patent 5,644,724).

As per claim 1, Cretzler discloses:

at least one tax register located at a merchant or retailer location, said at least one tax register for processing consumer sales transaction data at the retailer location and...(Col. 4, lines 16-19)...computing use tax data to be indicated to an appropriate state agency...(Col. 4, lines 25-26, Col. 6, lines 16-18)...said at least one tax register

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forwarding said transaction data and use tax data to one of the state agency and a credit card processing company fro processing wherein the transaction data includes at least an amount of money received by the merchant or retailer from the consumer for the goods ...(Col. 6, lines 19-31, where the credit card company of the present invention is analogous to the service bank of Cretzler)

a first computer and...disposed at the state agency, the first computer... for receiving and storing the forwarded...use tax data from one of the credit card processing company and a merchant at the retailer location; and...(col. 10, lines 28-29);

a first communication link connecting at least one of (I) the tax register at the retailer location and (ii) the credit card processing company, to the first computer and memory at the state agency, said first communication link for permitting the tax register or credit card company to forward the...use tax data to said first computer and memory so that the transaction data and the tax data from the retailer is automatically forwarded to the state agency and stored in the first memory in order to help enforce tax laws and prevent consumers or merchants from avoiding the payment of use tax...(Col. 3, lines 32-41, Col. 10, lines 30-33).

The following is inherent with Cretzler's system because the tax information is already stored (See Col. 10, lines 16-18), therefore the computer must have a memory if it is supposed to receive information that is already stored:

corresponding first memory...

The following is inherent with Cretzler's system because it is shown that the transaction data (including the amount of the transaction) is transferred from the point of sale to the merchant or service bank (See Col. 6, lines 57-59 w/ Col. 6, line 65-Col. 7, line 65-Col. 7, line 6). It is therefore inherent to also transfer this information to the tax authority bank since the pos, the merchant/service bank and the tax authority bank are

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on the same communication line and the transaction data (including the amount of the transaction) is already being transferred from the point of sale to the merchant or service bank. In addition, since Cretzler teaches that the tax data (which is already associated with the transaction data, see col. 6, lines 16-18) is extracted from the transaction data by the merchant/service bank and transmitted to the tax authority, it is only logical that the transaction data can just be sent to the tax authorities without implementing the added step of extracting the tax data from the transaction data:

A first computer and corresponding first memory disposed at the state agency, the first computer and memory for receiving and storing the forwarded transaction data...

Permitting the tax register or credit card processing company to forward the transaction data...to said first computer and memory so that the transaction data...is automatically forwarded to the state agency...

As per claim 2, Cretzler discloses:

wherein the consumer purchased goods with one of a credit card...(Abstract, lines 8-12).

As per claim 8, Cretzler discloses:

wherein said link includes one of a telephone line...(Fig. 1, (16)).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the

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invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains.

Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 3, 4, 5, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Cretzler (US Patent 5,644,724). Cretzler teaches a point-of-sale tax collection system and method where taxes are remitted and collected in real time at point-of-sale locations.

As per claims 3, 11, Cretzler fails to disclose:

wherein the first communication link is one of a digital packet...

Official notice is taken that it is old and well known in the electronic communications art to utilize a digital packet switched network or a satellite network for a communications network. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to utilize a digital packet switched network or a satellite network for a communications network because these type of networks are the most common and up-to-date resources for facilitating electronic communications. They allow fast, effective communication across wide area networks and vast geographical locations.

As per claims 4, 13, Cretzler discloses:

wherein the system includes means at the retailer location for accessing a credit card company in response to the transaction...(Col. 4, lines 37-41, and Col. 5, line 61-Col. 6, line 5);

The following is obvious with Cretzler because since the consumer is utilizing his or her credit card to carry out the transaction, he or she would therefore like the charges to occur on that transaction medium. In addition, Cretzler teaches that the service bank of the customer (analogous to the credit card company) sends an approval authorization for credit and debit transactions. In conventional systems, this approval implies charging the consumer's credit card for the transaction:

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the credit card company automatically charges the consumer's credit card.../means for charging a credit card...

As per claim 5, Cretzler discloses:

further including means for allowing the credit card company to forward use tax charge to the consumer to the state agency...(Col. 4, lines 37-53, with col. 10, lines 35-41, Col. 5, line 61-Col. 6, line 5).

As per claims 7, 9, Cretzler discloses:

the...network for allowing/enabling a consumer to purchase goods over the...network for a retailer...(Col. 4, lines 16-24);

at least a first computer or register located at a merchant or retailer location, said first computer or register for processing consumer sales transaction data at the retailer location and...(Col. 4, lines 16-28, col. 9, lines 35-40)...forwarding use tax data and transaction data for a transaction to one of a state authorized agency and a credit card processing company where the transaction data includes at least an amount of money received by the merchant or retailer from the consumer for the transaction ...(Col. 6, lines 19-31, where the credit card processing company of the present invention is analogous to the service bank of Cretzler);

at least a second computer and corresponding memory disposed at the state authorized entity, the second computer and memory for receiving and storing forwarded use tax data...from one of the credit card processing company and a merchant at the retailer location; and...(Col. 10, lines 28-29);

a first communication link connecting at least one of (I)the first computer or register at the retailer location and (ii) the credit card processing company, to the second computer and memory at the state authorized agency, said first communication link for permitting the tax register or credit card company to forward the use tax data...to

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said second computer and memory whereby the tax data from the retailer is automatically forwarded to the state authorized entity and stored in the memory in order to help enforce tax laws and prevent consumers or merchants from avoiding the payment of use tax...(Col. 3, lines 32-41, Col. 10, lines 30-33).

Cretzler's fails to disclose the following:

a digital data network...

Official notice is taken that it is old and well known in the is old and well known in the electronic communications art to utilize a digital data network for a communications network. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to utilize a digital data network for a communications network because these type of networks are the most common and up-to-date resources for facilitating any type of electronic communications including sales transactions since they allow fast, effective communication across wide area networks and vast geographical locations. In addition, Cretzler discloses a telephone network which is analogous to a digital data network since telephone lines are no more than electronic data links for digital transmission.

The following is obvious with Cretzler's system because in Cretzler, the tax information is already stored (See Col. 10, lines 16-18), therefore the computer must have a memory if it is supposed to receive information that is already stored. In addition, it is essential that a computer have a memory in order to maintain data for various communication applications:

corresponding memory...

The following is obvious with Cretzler's system because it its shown that the transaction data (including the amount of the transaction) is transferred from the point of sale to the merchant or service bank (See Col. 6, lines 57-59 w/ Col. 6, line 65-Col. 7, line 65-Col. 7, line 65-Col. 7, line 6). It is therefore inherent to also transfer this information to the tax

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authority bank since the pos, the merchant/service bank and the tax authority bank are on the same communication line and the transaction data (including the amount of the transaction) is already being transferred from the point of sale to the merchant or service bank. In addition, since Cretzler teaches that the tax data (which is already associated with the transaction data, see col. 6, lines 16-18) is extracted from the transaction data by the merchant/service bank and transmitted to the tax authority, it is only logical that the transaction data can just be sent to the tax authorities without implementing the added step of extracting the tax data from the transaction data:

At least a second computer and corresponding memory disposed at the state authorized entity, the second computer and memory for receiving and storing forwarded...transaction data...

Permitting the first computer or register, or the credit card processing company to forward the...transaction data...to said second computer and memory...

As per claim 10, Cretzler discloses:

wherein the first computer or register comprises tax data...(Col. 4, lines 16-28, col. 9, lines 35-40).

As per claim 12, Cretzler fails to teach the following:

wherein the state authorized entity is a State Treasury...

Official notice is taken that it is old and well known in the tax collection art for the state authorized entity to be the State Treasury. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art for the state authorized entity to be the State Treasury because the State Treasury is one of the most popular and well known entities which collects taxes from both people and businesses. The state treasury is an essential part of the economic makeup of the country and in order to continue functionality is required to collect taxes.

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Claim 6 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Cretzler (US Patent 5,644,724) in further view of Golden, et al (US Patent 5,774,872).

As per claim 6, Cretzler fails to teach the following, however Golden, et al discloses:

further including means for issuing a tax stamp receipt to a consumer...(Abstract, lines 17-19).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to include means for issuing a tax stamp receipt to a consumer in order to provide some type of evidence that the consumer actually paid what her or she owes.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 3/4/02 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

As per claims 1 and 9, the applicant argues that Cretzler fails to disclose that both use tax data and transaction data (including at least \$ received by the merchant or retailer from the consumer for a transaction) be forwarded to the state agency. However, in essence, Cretzler is disclosing this feature since it is shown that the transaction data (including the amount of the transaction) is transferred from the point of sale to the merchant or service bank (See Col. 6, lines 57-59 w/ Col. 6, line 65-Col. 7, line 65-Col. 7, line 6). It would therefore be logical to also transfer this information to the tax authority bank since the pos, the merchant/service bank and the tax authority bank are on the same communication line and the transaction data (including the amount of the transaction) is already being transferred from the point of sale to the merchant or service bank. In addition, since Cretzler teaches that the tax data (which is already associated with the transaction data, see col. 6, lines 16-18) is extracted from the transaction data by the merchant/service bank and transmitted to the tax authority, it is

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only logical that the transaction data can just be sent to the tax authorities without implementing the added step of extracting the tax data from the transaction data.

For these reasons, claims 1, 9 and all those claims that depend form them remain rejected.

Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Akiba K Robinson-Boyce whose telephone number is 703-305-1340. The examiner can normally be reached on Flex.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Tariq Hafiz can be reached on 703-305-9643. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-746-7238 [After final communications, labeled "Box AF"], 703-746-7239 [Official Communications], and 703-746-7150 [Informal/Draft Communications, labeled "PROPOSED" or "DRAFT"].

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Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-305-3900.

A. R. B.

May 9, 2002

TARIO R. HAFIZ
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2100